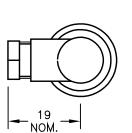
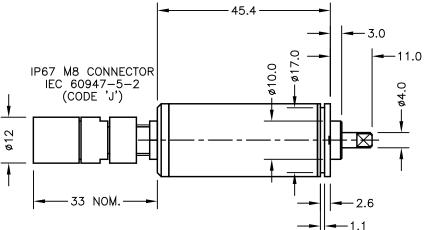
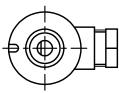


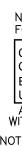
SHAFT FLAT ALIGNED WITH REFERENCE MARK IN BASE AT MID TRAVEL ±5"





SERVO MOUNT (CODE 'P')





Α	FIRST ISSUE	PDM	<b>_ _ _</b>
В	RANGE WAS 20° TO 160° RAN 442	RDS	$\Gamma \in$
С	SHAFT LENGTH REDUCED 0.5 - RAN538.	PDM	
D	OPTION 'J' ADDED - RAN1068.	PDM	
E	5-CORE OPTION ADDED ~ RAN1102	PDM	DRAWINGS
F	RANGE NOTE AMENDED ~ RAN1200	PDM	CHANGES T BY THE AU
			THIS IS AN U

AWINGS NOT TO BE CHANGED WITHOUT REFERENCE TO THE CHANGE PROCEDURE. ANGES TO PARTS USED IN INTRINSICALLY SAFE PRODUCT MUST BE APPROVED THE AUTHORISED PERSON S IS AN UNCONTROLLED PRINT AND WILL NOT BE UPDATED.

ELECTRICAL OPTIONS/ SPECIFICATIONS <u>OUTPUT</u> SUPPLY 0.5 TO 4.5V RATIOMETRIC 5V SUPPLY CURRENT 12mA TYP. 20mA MAX. CABLE: 0.2mm<sup>2</sup>, O/A SCREEN, PUR JACKET – SUPPLIED WITH 50cm OR REQUIRED LENGTH IN cm (15000cm MAX). STANDARD 3-CORE: JACKET Ø4mm BLACK e.g. 'L50' OPTIONAL 5-CORE: JACKET Ø4.6mm BLUE e.g. 'LQ50' CABLE/CONNECTOR\* CONNECTIONS; 3 CORE 5 CORE CONNECTOR RED RED :1 +Ve ORG :1 +SENSE (5-WIRE ONLY) :3 :3 :2 BLACK BLACK 0V GRY -SENSE (5-WIRE ONLY) WHITE WHITE OUTPUT SCREEN :4 BODY SCREEN \*CONNECTORS; MAXIMUM CONDUCTOR CROSS SECTION 0.25mm<sup>2</sup> RANGE OF DISPLACEMENT FROM 0-15° TO 0-160° e.g. 76°, IN INCREMENTS OF 1'.

BODY MATERIAL:- STAINLESS STEEL. FLANGE BASE MATERIAL:- STAINLESS STEEL. SERVO MOUNT MATERIAL:- STAINLESS STEEL.

NOTE:- READ INSTALLATION SHEET GOOO-19 FOR FULL INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE.

CSA APPROVED TO Class I Zone 0 Ex/AEx ia IIC T4 (Ta= -40 to  $80^{\circ}$ C) Ui 11.4V, Ii 0.2A, Pi 0.51W APPROVED FOR USE IN CONJUNCTION WITH A GALVANICALLY ISOLATED BARRIER. NOTE: APPROVAL ONLY APPLIES AT NORMAL ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE!



Α	19/03/13	4 1	CHECKED BY	
В	20/11/13	$\oplus$	RDS	X.X ±0.2 X.XX ±0.1
С	21/01/15	)	-	DIMS mm
D	02/12/15	DESCRIPTION		
Е	27/04/17	G505 INTRINSICALLY SAFE		
F	12/09/17	SLIM-LINE ROTARY SENSOR		
SCALE 5mm		DRAWING NUMBER	6505-11 <sub>Shee</sub>	REV F T 1 0F 1



# G505 SLIM-LINE ROTARY SENSOR

INTRINSICALLY SAFE FOR HAZARDOUS GAS/VAPOUR ATMOSPHERES

- Intrinsically safe for Gas to: Class I, Zone 0 Ex ia / AEx ia
- Non-contacting inductive technology to eliminate wear
- Angle set to customer's requirement
- Compact, durable and reliable
- High accuracy and stability
- Sealing to IP67

As a leading designer and manufacturer of linear, rotary, tilt and intrinsically safe position sensors, Positek<sup>®</sup> has the expertise to supply a sensor to suit a wide variety of applications.

Our G505 incorporates electronics system EX06 which is CSA approved for use in potentially explosive **gas/vapour** atmospheres. The G505 is an affordable, durable, high-accuracy rotary sensor designed for industrial and scientific feedback applications, but requires a smaller footprint than the G500.

Like all Positek<sup>®</sup> sensors, the G505 provides a linear output proportional with input shaft rotation. Each unit is supplied with the output calibrated to the angle required by the customer, between 15 and 160 degrees and with full EMC protection built in.

It is particularly suitable for OEMs seeking good sensor performance for applications where space is important.

Overall performance, repeatability and stability are outstanding over a wide temperature range. The G505 has long service life and environmental resistance with stainless steel body parts. The flange or servo mounting options make the sensor easy to install, the flange has two 3.2mm by 30 degree wide slots on a 25mm pitch. The G505 also offers a range of mechanical and electrical options. Environmental sealing is to IP67.



### SPECIFICATION

SPECIFICATION					
Dimensions					
Body diameter	19 mm				
Body Length (to mounting face	) 45.4 mm				
Shaft	8 mm Ø 4 mm				
For full mechanical details see di	rawing G505-11				
Power Supply	$+5V$ dc nom. $\pm$ 0.5V, 10mA typ 20mA max				
Output Signal	0.5-4.5V dc ratiometric, Load: 5kΩ min.				
Independent Linearity	≤ ± 0.25% FSO @ 20°C - up to 100°				
Temperature Coefficients					
•	< ± 0.01%FS/°C Offset				
Frequency Response	> 10 kHz (-3dB)				
Resolution	Infinite				
Noise	< 0.02% FSO				
Torque	< 15 mNm Static				
Intrinsic Safety	Class I, Zone 0				
•	Ex ia IIC T4 (Ta = -40°C to +80°C)				
	AEx ia IIC T4 (Ta = $-40^{\circ}$ C to $+80^{\circ}$ C)				
Approval only applies to the specifi	ed ambient temperature range and atmospheric				
conditions in the range 0.80 to 1.1	0 Bar, oxygen $\leq 21\%$				
Sensor Input Parameters	Ui: 11.4V, Ii: 0.20A, Pi: 0.51W.				
(connector option/s)	Ci: 1.16µF, Li: 50µH				
(cable option/s)	Ci: 1.36µF, Li: 710µH with 1km max. cable				
Environmental Temperatur					
Operating	-40°C to +80°C				
Storage	-40°C to +125°C				
Sealing	IP67				
EMC Performance	EN 61000-6-2, EN 61000-6-3				
Vibration	IEC 68-2-6: 10 g				
Shock	IEC 68-2-29: 40 g				
MTBF	350,000 hrs 40°C Gf				
Drawing List	,				
G505-11	Sensor Outline				

G505-11 Sensor Outline Drawings, in AutoCAD<sup>®</sup> dwg or dxf format, available on request.

Do you need a position sensor made to order to suit a particular installation requirement or specification? We'll be happy to modify any of our designs to suit your needs - please contact us with your requirements.





# G505 SLIM-LINE ROTARY SENSOR INTRINSICALLY SAFE FOR HAZARDOUS GAS/VAPOUR ATMOSPHERES

Intrinsically safe equipment is defined as "equipment which is incapable of releasing sufficient electrical or thermal energy under normal or abnormal conditions to cause ignition of a specific hazardous atmosphere mixture in its most easily ignited concentration."

CSA approved to;

Class I, Zone 0 Ex ia IIC T4 (Ta =  $-40^{\circ}$ C to  $+80^{\circ}$ C) AEx ia IIC T4 (Ta =  $-40^{\circ}$ C to  $+80^{\circ}$ C)

Designates the sensor as belonging to; Class I, Zone 0: can be used in areas with continuous, long or frequent periods of

exposure to hazardous gas / vapours. Protection class ia IIC, denotes intrinsically safe for Zones 0, 1 & 2 and IIA, IIB and IIC explosive gases. Temperature class T4: maximum sensor surface temperature under fault conditions 135°C.

Ambient temperature range extended to -40°C to +80°C.

It is imperative Positek<sup>®</sup> intrinsically safe sensors be used in conjunction with a galvanic barrier to meet the requirements of the product certification. The Positek G005 Galvanic Isolation Amplifier is purpose made for Positek IS sensors making it the perfect choice. Refer to the G005 datasheet for product specification and output configuration options.

### Safety Parameters:-

Ui: 11.4V, Ii: 0.20A, Pi: 0.51W  $\dot{C}i = 1.36 \mu F^*$  $Li = 710\mu H^*$  (cable option/s)  $Ci = 1.16\mu F$  $Li = 50\mu H$  (connector option/s)

\*Figures for 1km cable where: Ci = 200pF/m & Li = 660nH/m

Sensors can be installed with a maximum of 1000m of cable. Cable characteristics must not exceed:-

Capacitance:  $\leq$  200 pF/m for max. total of: 200 nF. Inductance:  $\leq$  660 nH/m for max. total of: 660 µH

For cable lengths exceeding 10 metres a five wire connection is recommended to eliminate errors introduced by cable resistance and associated temperature coefficients.

CSA approved sensors suitable for dust (H series, USA only) applications, are also available from Positek.

## **TABLE OF OPTIONS**

**CALIBRATED TRAVEL:** 

Factory-set to any angle from ±7.5° to ±80° in increments of 1 degree.

Full 360° Mechanical rotation.

### **ELECTRICAL INTERFACE OPTIONS**

The Positek® G005 Galvanic Isolation Amplifier is available with the

following output options; Standard: 0.5 - 9.5V or 4 - 20mA. Reverse: 9.5 - 0.5V or 20 - 4mA.

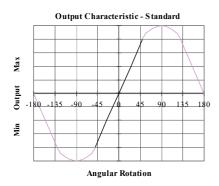
### CONNECTOR/CABLE OPTIONS

Connector - M8 IEC 60947-5-2 Cable<sup>†</sup> with M8 gland IP67 IP67

<sup>†</sup>Three core (black jacket) or five core (blue jacket) cable options available. Cable length >50 cm – please specify length in cm up to 15000 cm max. We recommend all customers refer to the 3 or 5-Wire Mode Connection page

### MOUNTING OPTIONS

Flange, Servo.







## Three or Five-Wire Mode Connection FOR INTRINSICALLY SAFE SENSORS IN HAZARDOUS ATMOSPHERES

The aim of this document is to help readers who do not understand what is meant by three or five wire modes of connection between the galvanic isolation amplifier and sensor, and the factors behind them. It is by no means an in-depth technical analysis of the subject.

Whether opting for a pre-wired Positek<sup>®</sup> Intrinsically Safe sensor or one with a connector, choosing the right mode of connection and cable to suit the application requires careful consideration.

Interconnecting cables are not perfect conductors and offer resistance to current flow, the magnitude of resistance<sup>†</sup> depends on conductors resistivity, which changes with temperature, cross sectional area<sup>‡</sup> and length. If the voltage were to be measured at both ends of a length of wire it would be found they are different, this is known as volts drop. Volts drop changes with current flow and can be calculated using Ohm's law, it should be noted that volts drop occurs in both positive and negative conductors. The effects of volts drop can be reduced by increasing the conductors cross sectional area, this does not however eliminate the effects due to temperature variation. There are instances where large cross-section cables are not practical; for example most standard industrial connectors of the type used for sensors have a maximum conductor capacity of 0.75mm<sup>2</sup>, copper prices and ease of installation are other considerations.

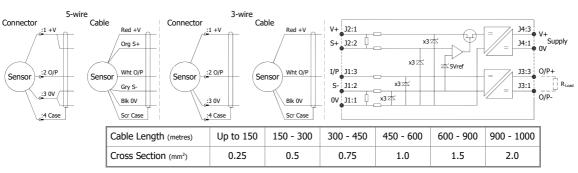
This is important because the effects of volts drop can significantly alter the perceived accuracy of the sensor which is ratiometric i.e. the output signal is directly affected by the voltage across the sensor. Changes in temperature will also be seen as gain variation in the sensor output.

**Three wire mode** connections are common and are suitable in most cases with short or moderate cable runs. Applications that do not require a high degree of accuracy but have cable runs, say in excess of 10m, volts drop can reduced by introducing a terminal box close to the sensor and using a larger cross-section cable for a majority of the cable run. Sensors supplied with three core cable are calibrated with the cable fitted which largely eliminates errors due to conductor resistance at room temperature however, as mentioned above, small gain errors due to temperature fluctuations should be expected.

**Five wire mode** connections have significant benefits as losses in the positive and negative conductors are compensated for by the galvanic isolation amplifier which can 'sense' the voltage across the sensor and dynamically adjust the output voltage so that the voltage across the sensor is correct. The effects of cable resistance and associated temperature coefficients are eliminated allowing for smaller conductors than a three wire connection for the same cable run. The amplifier can compensate for up to  $15\Omega$  per conductor with a current flow of 15mA, which is more than adequate for 150m of 0.25 mm<sup>2</sup> cable, longer lengths will require larger conductors.

For this reason Positek<sup>®</sup> recommends five wire connections for cable lengths exceeding 10 metres in 0.25 mm<sup>2</sup> cable to preserve the full accuracy of the sensor.

See illustrations below for examples of connecting a sensor to the galvanic isolation amplifier.



The table above shows recommended conductor sizes with respect to cable length for both three and five wire connections, based on copper conductors. Three wire connections will introduce a gain reduction of 5% and a  $\pm 1\%$  temperature dependence of gain over the range -40°C to +80°C for the cable temperature. (i.e. about -150 ppm/°C for the maximum lengths shown and less pro rata for shorter lengths.)

It should be noted that the maximum cable length, as specified in the sensor certification, takes **precedence** and **must not** be exceeded.

Positek<sup>®</sup> sensors are supplied with three core 0.25 mm<sup>2</sup> cable as standard, however five core 0.25 mm<sup>2</sup> cable can be supplied on request. The galvanic isolation amplifier is available as;

G005-\*\*\* for `G' and `H' prefix sensors X005-\*\*\* for `E', `M' and `X' prefix sensors

 $\frac{1}{2}$  R =  $\rho$ L/A  $\rho$  is the resistivity of the conductor ( $\Omega$ m) L is the length of conductor (m) A is the conductor cross-sectional area (m<sup>2</sup>).

<sup>+</sup>It is presumed that **d**irect **c**urrent flow is uniform across the cross-section of the wire, the galvanic isolation amplifier and sensor are a dc system.



# **Intrinsically Safe - Gas/Vapour Atmospheres** G505 Slim-Line Rotary Sensor

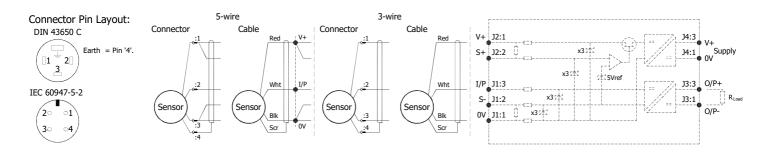
	а	b	с	d
	G505 . Displacement	A Conr	nections	Option
a Displacement (degree	25)	Value		
Displacement in degrees	e.g. 0 - 54 degrees	54		
b <b>Output</b>				
Supply V dc V <sub>s</sub> (tolerance)	Output	Code		
+5V (4.5 - 5.5V)	0.5 - 4.5V (ratiometric with supply)	A		
c Connections Cable* or	Connector	Code		
Connector	IP67 M8 IEC 60176-2-104 nylon	J	1	
Connector	pre-wired - 3-core cable	Jxx		
Cable Gland	IP67 metal - 3-core cable	Lxx		
Cable Gland	IP67 metal - 5-core cable	LQxx		
Specify required cable length ' <b>xx</b> 50 cm supplied as standard. <b>N.b.!</b> M8 connector option with 5	' in cm. e.g. L2000 specifies cable gland with 20	) m of cable,		
d Sensor Mounting		Code		
Flange - default	blank			
Servo Mount		Р		
e <b>Z-code</b>		Code		



# Generic Installation Information G SERIES SENSORS

## INTRINSICALLY SAFE FOR HAZARDOUS GAS/VAPOUR ATMOSPHERES

CSA Qualified Intrinsically Safe Device Certificate number 13.2588225			Class I, Zone 0 Ex ia IIC T4 (Ta = $-40^{\circ}$ C to $+80^{\circ}$ C AEx ia IIC T4 / Ex ia IIC T4(Ta = $-40^{\circ}$ C to $+80^{\circ}$ C	
Electronics Option	Output Description:	Supply Voltage: V <sub>s</sub> (tolerance)	Load resistance:	
A	0.5 - 4.5V (ratiometric with sup- ply)	+5V (4.5 - 5.5V)	5kΩ min	



## **Putting Into Service:**

The sensor must be used with a galvanic isolation barrier designed to supply the sensor with a nominal 5V and to transmit the sensor output to a safe area. The barrier parameters must not exceed:-

Ui = 11.4V	Ii = 0.20A	Pi = 0.51W
$Ci = 1.36 \mu F^*$	Li = 710µH	
$Ci = 1.16\mu F$	Li = 50µĤ	(without integral cable)

\*Figures for 1km cable where: Ci = 200pF/m & Li = 660nH/m

The sensor is certified to be used with up to **1000m** of cable, cable characteristics must not exceed:-Capacitance: ≤ 200 pF/m for max. total of: 200 nF

Inductance:  $\leq$  660 nH/m for max. total of: 660  $\mu$ H

### Use:

The sensor is designed to measure Linear or rotary displacement and provide an analogue output signal.

## **Assembly and Dismantling:**

The unit is not to be serviced or dismantled and re-assembled by the user.

WARNING: Substitution of components may impair intrinsic safety AVERTISSEMENT: La substitution de composants peut altérer la sécurité intrinsèque

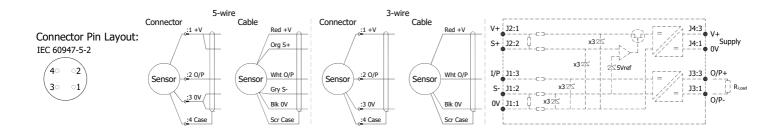
### Maintenance:

No maintenance is required.





## Installation Information **G505** SLIM LINE ROTARY SENSOR **INTRINSICALLY SAFE FOR HAZARDOUS GAS/VAPOUR ATMOSPHERES**



Approval only applies to specified ambient temperature range and atmospheric conditions in the range: 0.80 to 1.10 Bar, oxygen  $\leq$  21%. The G505 is available with the following connections:-

IEC 60947-5-2 Connector Cable gland with cable IP67 Axial Option 'J'

IP67 Options 'Lxx' or 'LQxx' Axial

The performance of the sensor may be affected by voltage drops associated with long cable lengths; For cable lengths exceeding 10 metres a five wire connection is recommended to eliminate errors introduced by cable resistance and associated temperature coefficients.

Cable Up to 150m of 0.2 mm<sup>2</sup>, screened, PUR jacket; 3 core cable 4 mm dia. black, 5 core cable 4.6 mm dia. Blue.

N.b. free end of cable must be appropriately terminated.

Mechanical Mounting: Flange mounted; the flange slots are 3.2 mm by 30 degrees wide on a 25 mm pitch. The sensor should be mounted with minimal axial and radial loading on the shaft for optimum life. It is recommended that the shaft is coupled to the drive using a flexible coupling. Tests indicate that life in excess of 16 million cycles can be achieved with 1kg side and end load.

Output Characteristic: The sensor has full rotational freedom and two sectors, 180° apart, over which linear response can be achieved. At the mid point of the calibrated range the output signal will be half full scale deflection, Standard Output Characteristic and the flat on the shaft is aligned with the registration mark in the base of the sensor. In the calibrated range the output increases as the shaft is rotated in an anti-clockwise direction viewed Мах from the shaft. The calibrated output is factory set to be between 15° and 160°.

Incorrect Connection Protection levels: Not protected – the sensor is not protected against either reverse polarity or over-voltage. The risk of damage should be minimal where the supply current is limited to less than 50mA.

